



Exercises Answers: C1

What is the purpose of `#include <stdio.h>` in a C program?

- It defines the main() function
- It allows the use of input and output functions, such as printf()
- It declares variables
- It ends the program



Exercises Answers: C2

True or False:

In C, each code statement must end with a semicolon (;) .

True

False



Exercises Answers: C3

Which function is used to print text in C?

- `println()`
- `printf()`
- `cout()`
- `echo()`



Exercises Answers: C4

```
int main() {  
    printf("Hello World!");  
    return 0;  
}
```

[Hide Answer](#)



Exercises Answers: C5

What does the \n character do in a C program?

It creates a new line



It creates a space

It creates a tab

It creates a backslash



Exercises Answers: C6

What will the following code output?

```
printf("Hello World!\nI am learning C.");
```

- Hello World! I am learning C.

✓ Hello World!
I am learning C.

- Hello World!

● I am learning C.



Thanks for your time